Acta Crystallographica Section E **Structure Reports** Online

ISSN 1600-5368

1-Acetyl-3-(2,5-dichlorophenyl)-5-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-pyrazoline

Yun-Chen Zhang

Department of Chemistry, Weifang University, Weifang 261061, People's Republic of China Correspondence e-mail: wfx1629@163.com

Received 2 June 2007; accepted 6 June 2007

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 298 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.002 Å; R factor = 0.035; wR factor = 0.098; data-to-parameter ratio = 13.7.

The title compound, C₁₇H₁₃Cl₂FN₂O, was prepared by the reaction of hydrazine and 1-(2,5-dichlorophenyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-propenyl-1-ketone. In the molecule, the dihedral angle between the two benzene rings is $66.63 (9)^{\circ}$. In the crystal structure, weak intermolecular C-H···Cl hydrogen bonds connect molecules into centrosymmetric dimers.

Related literature

The medicinal and biological properties of pyrazoline derivatives have been reported previously (Rawal et al., 1963; Dhal et al., 1975; Lombardino & Ottemes, 1981; Manna et al., 2002). The bond lengths and angles in the title compound are similar to those in related structures (Fahrni et al., 2003; Kimura et al., 1977; Guo et al., 2007).



Experimental

Crystal data

C17H13Cl2FN2O $M_r = 351.19$ Monoclinic, C2/c a = 21.263 (3) Å b = 9.7330 (15) Åc = 14.946 (2) Å $\beta = 90.188 (2)^{\circ}$

V = 3093.1 (8) Å³ Z = 8Mo $K\alpha$ radiation $\mu = 0.44 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 298 (2) K $0.50\,\times\,0.44\,\times\,0.10$ mm

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector	7879 measured reflections
diffractometer	2874 independent reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan	2510 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
(SADABS; Bruker, 1997)	$R_{\rm int} = 0.020$
$T_{\min} = 0.812, \ T_{\max} = 0.958$	
Pafinamont	

reginement	
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.035$	210 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.098$	H-atom parameters constrained
S = 1.04	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.24 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$
2874 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.27 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D-\mathrm{H}$	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
$C8-H8B\cdots Cl1^{i}$	0.97	2.76	3.697 (3)	163
Symmetry code: (i) -	$x + \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{1}{2}, -$	-z + 2.		

Data collection: SMART (Bruker, 1997); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 1997); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 1997); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 1997); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Bruker, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

The author thanks the Natural Science Foundation of Shandong Province (grant No. Y2005B04) and the Doctoral Fund of Qingdao University of Science and Technology.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: LH2418).

References

- Bruker (1997). SADABS (Version 2.01), SMART (Version 5.044), SAINT (Version 5.01) and SHELXTL (Version 5.10). Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
- Dhal, P. N., Acharya, T. E. & Nayak, A. (1975). J. Indian Chem. Soc. 52, 1196-1200.
- Fahrni, C. J., Yang, L. C. & VanDerveer, D. G. (2003). J. Am. Chem. Soc. 125, 3799-3812.
- Guo, H.-M., Jian, F.-F., Zhao, P.-S., Sun, X.-Z. & Lin, C.-H. (2007). Acta Cryst. E63, o2618-o2619.
- Kimura, T., Kai, Y., Yasuoka, N. & Kasai, N. (1977). Acta Cryst. B33, 1786-1792
- Lombardino, G. & Ottemes, I. G. (1981). J. Med. Chem. 24, 830-834.
- Manna, F., Chimenti, F., Bolasco, A., Secci, D., Bizzarri, B., Befani, O., Turini, P., Mondovi, B., Alcaro, S. & Tafi, A. (2002). Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett. 12, 3629-3635
- Rawal, A. A., Thakor, V. M. & Shah, N. M. (1963). J. Indian Chem. Soc. 40, 323-326.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (1997). SHELXS97 and SHELXL97. University of Göttingen, Germany.

Acta Cryst. (2007). E63, o3155

supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2007). E63, o3155 [doi:10.1107/S160053680702781X]

1-Acetyl-3-(2,5-dichlorophenyl)-5-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-pyrazoline

Y.-C. Zhang

Comment

Pyrazoline and its derivatives are useful compounds found to possess antiviral (Rawal *et al.*, 1963), antifungal (Dhal *et al.*, 1975), and immunosuppressive (Lombardino & Ottemes, 1981) activities. 1-Acetyl-3,5-diaryl-2-pyrazoline has been found to inhibit the monoamine oxidases (Manna *et al.*, 2002). As part of our ongoing investgation of pyrazolines and their metal complexes, we report here the crystal structure of the title compound.

In the molecule (Fig. 1), all of the bond lengthes and bond angles fall in the normal ranges (Fahrni *et al.*, 2003; Kimura *et al.*, 1977; Guo *et al.*, 2007). The dihedral angles formed by pyrazolinyl ring with phenyl groups at positions 3 and 5 of the pyrazoline are 33.79 (9) and 80.16 (9)°, respectively. Intermolecular C—H…Cl hydrogen bonds form centrosymmetric dimers.

Experimental

1-(2,5-dichlorophenyl)-3-(*p*-fluorophenyl)-2-propenyl-1-ketone (0.02 mol) and hydrazine (0.02 mol) were mixed in 99.5% acetic acid (40 ml) and stirred in refluxing for 6 h, then the mixture was poured into ice–water to afford a colourless solid. The solid was filtered and washed with water until the pH of solution reached *ca* 7.0. Finally, the solid crystals were dry under room temperature. Single crystals of the title compound suitable for X-ray measurements were obtained by recrystallization from EtOH at room temperature.

Refinement

H atoms were fixed geometrically and allowed to ride on their parent atoms, C—H distances 0.93–0.96 Å,respectively, and with $U_{iso} = 1.2-1.5U_{eq}$ of the parent atoms.

Figures



Fig. 1. The molecular structure and atom-labelling scheme, with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 30% probability level.

1-Acetyl-3-(2,5-dichlorophenyl)-5-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-pyrazoline

Crystal data C₁₇H₁₃Cl₂FN₂O

 $F_{000} = 1440$

$M_r = 351.19$
Monoclinic, C2/c
Hall symbol: -C 2yc
<i>a</i> = 21.263 (3) Å
<i>b</i> = 9.7330 (15) Å
c = 14.946 (2) Å
$\beta = 90.188 \ (2)^{\circ}$
$V = 3093.1 (8) \text{ Å}^3$
Z = 8

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer	2874 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	2510 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Monochromator: graphite	$R_{\rm int} = 0.020$
T = 298(2) K	$\theta_{max} = 25.5^{\circ}$
ϕ and ω scans	$\theta_{\min} = 1.9^{\circ}$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)	$h = -25 \rightarrow 21$
$T_{\min} = 0.812, \ T_{\max} = 0.958$	$k = -10 \rightarrow 11$
7879 measured reflections	$l = -18 \rightarrow 13$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
Least-squares matrix: full	H-atom parameters constrained
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.035$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0514P)^2 + 1.9032P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
$wR(F^2) = 0.098$	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} = 0.001$
<i>S</i> = 1.04	$\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.24 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
2874 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{min} = -0.26 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
210 parameters	Extinction correction: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 1997), $Fc^*=kFc[1+0.001xFc^2\lambda^3/sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct	Extinction coefficient: 0.0041 (4)

 $D_{\rm x} = 1.508 {\rm Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo Kα radiation $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ Å}$

 $\theta = 2.3 - 27.9^{\circ}$ $\mu = 0.44 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 298 (2) KPrism, colourless $0.50 \times 0.44 \times 0.10 \text{ mm}$

Cell parameters from 4395 reflections

methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on F, with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > 2$ sigma(F^2) is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F, and R– factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{\rm iso}*/U_{\rm eq}$
C1	0.08006 (9)	0.13527 (18)	0.79684 (12)	0.0476 (4)
H1	0.0845	0.2242	0.7750	0.057*
C2	0.08279 (9)	0.0262 (2)	0.73842 (13)	0.0534 (5)
H2	0.0886	0.0403	0.6775	0.064*
C3	0.07675 (8)	-0.10387 (18)	0.77260 (13)	0.0505 (5)
C4	0.06837 (8)	-0.12930 (17)	0.86159 (14)	0.0497 (4)
H4	0.0649	-0.2188	0.8828	0.060*
C5	0.06521 (8)	-0.01852 (16)	0.91935 (12)	0.0412 (4)
Н5	0.0592	-0.0336	0.9802	0.049*
C6	0.07087 (7)	0.11499 (16)	0.88765 (11)	0.0374 (4)
C7	0.06956 (8)	0.23354 (16)	0.95263 (11)	0.0399 (4)
H7	0.0489	0.2051	1.0081	0.048*
C8	0.13482 (8)	0.29360 (17)	0.97412 (13)	0.0460 (4)
H8A	0.1414	0.3009	1.0382	0.055*
H8B	0.1680	0.2378	0.9485	0.055*
С9	0.13231 (7)	0.43332 (16)	0.93100 (10)	0.0360 (3)
C10	0.18616 (7)	0.52742 (16)	0.91690 (11)	0.0389 (4)
C11	0.23777 (8)	0.53748 (17)	0.97440 (13)	0.0461 (4)
C12	0.28884 (8)	0.6198 (2)	0.95410 (16)	0.0577 (5)
H12	0.3232	0.6228	0.9927	0.069*
C13	0.28910 (9)	0.6967 (2)	0.87754 (16)	0.0595 (6)
H13	0.3237	0.7510	0.8634	0.071*
C14	0.23750 (9)	0.69286 (18)	0.82176 (13)	0.0510 (5)
C15	0.18688 (8)	0.60848 (17)	0.83969 (12)	0.0434 (4)
H15	0.1530	0.6055	0.8001	0.052*
C16	-0.02538 (7)	0.36318 (16)	0.90137 (10)	0.0375 (4)
C17	-0.05060 (8)	0.49241 (19)	0.86017 (13)	0.0474 (4)
H17A	-0.0432	0.4910	0.7968	0.071*
H17B	-0.0298	0.5704	0.8862	0.071*
H17C	-0.0950	0.4986	0.8711	0.071*
Cl1	0.23910 (2)	0.45553 (6)	1.07729 (4)	0.06206 (19)
Cl2	0.23626 (3)	0.79727 (6)	0.72775 (4)	0.0752 (2)
F1	0.07820 (6)	-0.21172 (12)	0.71487 (10)	0.0747 (4)
N1	0.07803 (6)	0.46514 (13)	0.89974 (9)	0.0367 (3)
N2	0.03744 (6)	0.35574 (13)	0.91536 (10)	0.0393 (3)
01	-0.05868 (6)	0.26601 (13)	0.92112 (9)	0.0510 (3)

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\hat{A}^2)

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.0561 (10)	0.0350 (9)	0.0518 (10)	-0.0013 (8)	0.0062 (8)	0.0052 (7)
C2	0.0576 (11)	0.0549 (11)	0.0478 (10)	0.0016 (9)	0.0035 (8)	-0.0039 (8)
C3	0.0443 (10)	0.0414 (10)	0.0657 (12)	0.0023 (8)	-0.0036 (8)	-0.0146 (8)
C4	0.0450 (10)	0.0295 (9)	0.0746 (13)	0.0000(7)	-0.0008 (9)	0.0025 (8)
C5	0.0375 (8)	0.0347 (8)	0.0515 (10)	0.0012 (7)	0.0007 (7)	0.0072 (7)
C6	0.0333 (8)	0.0310 (8)	0.0478 (9)	-0.0008 (6)	0.0013 (6)	0.0031 (7)
C7	0.0405 (9)	0.0319 (8)	0.0474 (9)	0.0023 (6)	0.0007 (7)	0.0047 (7)
C8	0.0439 (9)	0.0354 (9)	0.0586 (11)	0.0036 (7)	-0.0072 (8)	-0.0003 (7)
C9	0.0355 (8)	0.0323 (8)	0.0402 (8)	0.0024 (6)	0.0015 (6)	-0.0058 (6)
C10	0.0321 (8)	0.0335 (8)	0.0512 (10)	0.0012 (6)	0.0032 (7)	-0.0102 (7)
C11	0.0374 (9)	0.0410 (9)	0.0598 (11)	0.0066 (7)	-0.0025 (8)	-0.0127 (8)
C12	0.0317 (9)	0.0556 (12)	0.0858 (15)	0.0013 (8)	-0.0046 (9)	-0.0199 (11)
C13	0.0370 (10)	0.0519 (11)	0.0898 (16)	-0.0094 (8)	0.0158 (10)	-0.0195 (11)
C14	0.0496 (10)	0.0429 (10)	0.0607 (11)	-0.0063 (8)	0.0181 (9)	-0.0113 (8)
C15	0.0399 (9)	0.0391 (9)	0.0512 (10)	-0.0044 (7)	0.0058 (7)	-0.0083 (7)
C16	0.0355 (8)	0.0371 (8)	0.0399 (8)	0.0002 (7)	0.0040 (6)	-0.0053 (7)
C17	0.0386 (9)	0.0481 (10)	0.0556 (10)	0.0063 (7)	0.0004 (8)	0.0026 (8)
Cl1	0.0583 (3)	0.0617 (3)	0.0661 (3)	0.0081 (2)	-0.0211 (2)	-0.0039 (2)
Cl2	0.0900 (4)	0.0650 (4)	0.0708 (4)	-0.0253 (3)	0.0261 (3)	0.0020 (3)
F1	0.0812 (9)	0.0544 (7)	0.0886 (9)	0.0047 (6)	-0.0089(7)	-0.0312 (6)
N1	0.0344 (7)	0.0296 (7)	0.0462 (8)	-0.0017 (5)	0.0037 (6)	-0.0014 (5)
N2	0.0346 (7)	0.0280 (7)	0.0554 (8)	-0.0008 (5)	0.0008 (6)	0.0034 (6)
01	0.0399 (7)	0.0480 (7)	0.0652 (8)	-0.0094 (5)	0.0035 (6)	0.0038 (6)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

1.376 (3)	C9—C10	1.482 (2)
1.386 (2)	C10-C11	1.395 (2)
0.9300	C10—C15	1.398 (2)
1.371 (3)	C11—C12	1.384 (3)
0.9300	C11—C11	1.733 (2)
1.359 (2)	C12—C13	1.368 (3)
1.365 (3)	C12—H12	0.9300
1.383 (2)	C13—C14	1.376 (3)
0.9300	С13—Н13	0.9300
1.388 (2)	C14—C15	1.381 (2)
0.9300	C14—Cl2	1.734 (2)
1.509 (2)	C15—H15	0.9300
1.479 (2)	C16—O1	1.2183 (19)
1.539 (2)	C16—N2	1.353 (2)
0.9800	C16—C17	1.499 (2)
1.506 (2)	C17—H17A	0.9600
0.9700	С17—Н17В	0.9600
0.9700	С17—Н17С	0.9600
1.282 (2)	N1—N2	1.3909 (18)
	1.376 (3) 1.386 (2) 0.9300 1.371 (3) 0.9300 1.359 (2) 1.365 (3) 1.383 (2) 0.9300 1.388 (2) 0.9300 1.509 (2) 1.479 (2) 1.539 (2) 0.9800 1.506 (2) 0.9700 0.9700 1.282 (2)	1.376(3) $C9-C10$ $1.386(2)$ $C10-C11$ 0.9300 $C10-C15$ $1.371(3)$ $C11-C12$ 0.9300 $C11-C11$ $1.359(2)$ $C12-C13$ $1.365(3)$ $C12-H12$ $1.383(2)$ $C13-C14$ 0.9300 $C13-H13$ $1.388(2)$ $C14-C15$ 0.9300 $C14-C12$ $1.509(2)$ $C16-O1$ $1.539(2)$ $C16-O1$ $1.539(2)$ $C16-C17$ $1.506(2)$ $C17-H17A$ 0.9700 $C17-H17C$ $1.282(2)$ $N1-N2$

C2—C1—C6	121.19 (16)	C10—C9—C8	126.35 (14)
C2—C1—H1	119.4	C11—C10—C15	117.26 (15)
C6—C1—H1	119.4	C11—C10—C9	124.22 (16)
C3—C2—C1	118.15 (18)	C15—C10—C9	118.48 (15)
C3—C2—H2	120.9	C12—C11—C10	121.45 (18)
C1—C2—H2	120.9	C12—C11—Cl1	116.78 (15)
F1—C3—C4	118.80 (17)	C10—C11—Cl1	121.67 (14)
F1—C3—C2	118.30 (18)	C13—C12—C11	120.38 (18)
C4—C3—C2	122.89 (17)	C13—C12—H12	119.8
$C_{3} - C_{4} - C_{5}$	118 26 (16)	C11—C12—H12	119.8
C3—C4—H4	120.9	C12—C13—C14	119 11 (17)
C5—C4—H4	120.9	C12—C13—H13	120.4
C4—C5—C6	120.81 (17)	C14—C13—H13	120.4
C4C5H5	119.6	C13—C14—C15	121 27 (19)
C6-C5-H5	119.6	C13-C14-C12	118 99 (15)
C1 - C6 - C5	118.69 (15)	$C_{15} = C_{14} = C_{12}$	119.74 (16)
C1 - C6 - C7	121 63 (14)	C_{14} C_{15} C_{10}	119.74(10) 120.44(17)
$C_{1} = C_{0} = C_{7}$	119 63 (15)	C14 - C15 - H15	120.44 (17)
N2-C7-C6	112.46 (14)	C10-C15-H15	119.8
$N_2 = C_7 = C_0^8$	112.40(14) 100.84(12)	01 C16 N2	119.67 (15)
$N_2 - C_7 - C_8$	100.64(12)	01 - 016 - 017	119.07(13)
$CO - C / - C \delta$	113.98 (13)	01 - 010 - 017	122.95 (13)
$N_2 = C / = H / C (C_1 - H) / C (C_2 - H) / C (C_3 - H) $	109.7	$N_2 = C_{10} = C_{17}$	117.39 (14)
C0C7H7	109.7	C10-C17-H17A	109.5
C8—C/—H/	109.7		109.5
C9—C8—C7	102.89 (13)	HI/A—CI/—HI/B	109.5
C9—C8—H8A	111.2		109.5
C/—C8—H8A	111.2	H1/A—C1/—H1/C	109.5
С9—С8—Н8В	111.2	Н17В—С17—Н17С	109.5
С7—С8—Н8В	111.2	C9—N1—N2	108.20 (13)
H8A—C8—H8B	109.1	C16—N2—N1	123.08 (13)
N1—C9—C10	119.61 (14)	C16—N2—C7	123.74 (13)
N1—C9—C8	113.88 (14)	N1—N2—C7	113.12 (12)
C6—C1—C2—C3	-0.6 (3)	C15-C10-C11-Cl1	173.58 (12)
C1—C2—C3—F1	178.74 (17)	C9-C10-C11-Cl1	-8.7 (2)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.2 (3)	C10-C11-C12-C13	1.8 (3)
F1—C3—C4—C5	-178.22 (15)	Cl1—C11—C12—C13	-174.68 (15)
C2—C3—C4—C5	0.7 (3)	C11—C12—C13—C14	1.0 (3)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-0.5 (3)	C12-C13-C14-C15	-2.8 (3)
C2—C1—C6—C5	0.8 (3)	C12-C13-C14-Cl2	176.69 (14)
C2—C1—C6—C7	178.31 (17)	C13-C14-C15-C10	1.9 (3)
C4—C5—C6—C1	-0.3 (2)	Cl2—C14—C15—C10	-177.67 (12)
C4—C5—C6—C7	-177.83 (15)	C11-C10-C15-C14	0.9 (2)
C1—C6—C7—N2	38.3 (2)	C9-C10-C15-C14	-176.98 (14)
C5—C6—C7—N2	-144.20 (15)	C10—C9—N1—N2	175.10 (13)
C1—C6—C7—C8	-75.7 (2)	C8—C9—N1—N2	-0.65 (18)
C5—C6—C7—C8	101.81 (17)	O1—C16—N2—N1	-175.94 (14)
N2—C7—C8—C9	-9.30 (16)	C17—C16—N2—N1	5.0 (2)
C6—C7—C8—C9	111.43 (15)	O1—C16—N2—C7	1.1 (2)

supplementary materials

C7-C8-C9-N1 C7-C8-C9-C10 N1-C9-C10-C11 C8-C9-C10-C11 N1-C9-C10-C15 C8-C9-C10-C15 C15-C10-C11-C12 C9-C10-C11-C12	6.82 (19) -168.60 (15) 152.10 (15) -32.7 (2) -30.2 (2) 144.99 (16) -2.7 (2) 175.05 (15)	C17—C16—N2—C7 C9—N1—N2—C16 C9—N1—N2—C7 C6—C7—N2—C16 C8—C7—N2—C16 C6—C7—N2—N1 C8—C7—N2—N1		-177.93 (15) 170.90 (15) -6.41 (18) 70.98 (19) -167.22 (15) -111.73 (15) 10.07 (17)
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °) D—H···A C8—H8B···C11 ⁱ Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1/2, -y+1/2, -z$	<i>D</i> —Н 0.97	H… <i>A</i> 2.76	<i>D</i> … <i>A</i> 3.697 (3)	<i>D</i> —H… <i>A</i> 163

